

BENTON UTILITIES BENTON, ARKANSAS

January 30, 2018

Miles Johnson, Enforcement Analyst Water Division / Enforcement Branch Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR 72118

RE: NPDES Permit No. AR0036498, AFIN 63-00063

CAO LIS 11-069 / SSES Review

Dear Mr. Johnson,

I am pleased to offer the following 2017 report on the City of Benton's wastewater collection system, and affirm our efforts to satisfy the demands of the Consent Administrative Order issued in 2011. Overall, we have had a productive year in a rapidly growing city with expanding infrastructure and capacity demands. The Shoppes of Benton, The Links Apartments (692 units), The Manor Assisted Living, and other significant development all came online. There is significant development on the north side of Hurricane Lake and the I-30, Exit 144 corridor. Consequently, this growth has challenged our resources, but we still feel we are on our way of satisfying the demands of the C.A.O. long before the 2023 deadline.

The year 2017 has brought changes. For example, Benton Utilities' former General Manager, Mr. Terry McKinney, retired at the close of 2016. Mr. David Vondran, P.E. came onboard and has done an outstanding job as our new General Manager meeting many challenges head on and raising the bar for excellence in quality standards.

Another mention regarding changes is the implementation of the terminology "Wastewater Conveyance Department" for "Wastewater Collection Department". This was done to address public misunderstanding. Customers were actually coming to the "Wastewater Collection Department" to pay their bills or open an account after our Customer Service Center was moved from City Hall to 1827 Dale Avenue. This new terminology seems to better signify the broader scope of the sewer system in that it not only serves to "collect," but to "convey" wastewater from homes and businesses to the treatment plant by way of both gravity and pressure lines.

Still another change involves the recognition of two separate departments with as many department heads. The Wastewater Treatment Department is managed by Mr. Jonathan Buff, and the Wastewater Conveyance Department by Mr. Randy Hawkins. This was done, in part, because of the enormity of the management involved within both departments and the demands incumbent from growth and the C. A. O.

In keeping with the objectives outlined in the Sewer System Evaluation Study (SSES), we continue to place special emphasis on the significant reduction of sanitary sewer overflows as well as inflow and infiltration issues throughout the system. We have pursued these objectives by (1) gravity line repairs and replacement, (2) manhole rehabilitation, repairs and replacement, (3) addition of equipment, (4) upgrades and rehabilitation of lift stations, (5) proactive and preventative maintenance, and (6) strategic planning.

(Page 2, 2017 SSES/CAO Report)

The following chart represents statistical data of the sewer system.

	Bent	ton V	on Wastewater Conveyance Statistical Data-2017												
JOB DATA:	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	TOTAL		
Generator inspections		11		11						11	11	11	55		
MANHOLES TREATED/smoke tested	1	0	0	5	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	13		
MHs - SSES/CAO - work/inspection				63	29	71	35	78	33	43	9	3	364		
MHs - Lined/patched/cleaned	38	4	16	9	4	2	8	4	7	0	1	4	97		
NO. of L/S failures or work done	23	13	10	16	35	8	20	33	29	16	16	18	237		
NO. of Lift Station overflows	1	0	1	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	12		
No. Sewer Main overflows	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	5		
NO. of manhole overflows	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	3	5	27		
Air relief valve/tight line overflows	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3		
NO. Line blockage calls (not ours)	5	9	4	5	11	10	5	8	5	3	7	7	79		
NO. of sewer mains blocked	3	5	6	3	1	3	4	2	3	3	5	1	39		
Linear feet of sewer mains cleaned	15,073'	3,613'	14,262	8,062	15,304	2,263'	2,488	15,025	4,586	3,197'	11,160'	3,000'	98,033'		
Linear feet of lines pipe bursted	1,762	1,399'	364'	0	0	0	2309'	0	0	0	0	0	5,834		
No. of line point repairs	1	2	1	2	0	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	20		
Stations/easements/MHs-spray,cut	0	0	40	42	109	29	47	31	48	3	0	1	350		
NO. of lift stations cleaned	28	15	21	19	29	9	19	28	19	25	6	27	245		
NO. of lift station inspections	320	347	426	293	360	289	346	250	399	453	373	452	4,308		
NO. of building sewer inspections	23	23	30	31	33	25	25	36	26	28	25	26	331		
NO. of grease trap inspections	141	0	142	1	2	0	144	0	153	11	3	0	597		
Linear feet of sewer line videoed	423'	1,398	465'	580'	186'	420'	595'	608	253	365'	901'	370'	6,564'		

Summarily, the spreadsheet documents problems within the system, but also significant efforts that were made in preventative and proactive maintenance to curtail these issues. Consequently, even though 47 sanitary sewer overflows (SSO's) were recorded in 2017, this averages less than 4 per month. At the same time, some 98,033 linear feet (or 18.6 miles) of sewer main was cleaned with our jet-vac. For a collection system the size of Benton, we only had 39 sewer main blockages (or 3.25 per month). This is largely due to the amount of line cleaning that was done, but also the targeted pipe bursting (5,834 linear feet) done in areas plagued with inflow and infiltration (I & I) problems. Moreover, there was 6,564 linear feet of sewer line video inspected to identify line deficiencies and issues. There were a total of 474 manholes in which repairs and rehabilitation work were performed. There were 12 lift stations that had SSO's (an average of 1 per month), but there were also 245 lift station cleanings (jet-vac) done with a total of 4,308 lift station inspections. In an effort to keep oil and grease out of the system and from entering the treatment plant, 597 inspections were performed on grease traps.

These numbers demonstrate that real effort and resources are being expended in the war against system failures. We feel, both statistically and practically, that we are making good progress in satisfying the requirements of the C.A.O. The following spreadsheet further illustrates this regarding manhole repairs.

(Page 3, 2017 SSES/CAO Report)

				Benton U	Itilities Wa	stewate	r Convey	yance M	anhole	Repa	ir Rec	ord					1000000				
			Surface Above Manhole							Priori	ty Nee	d for	Repair		8. 4.	Repair Requirement					
Basin Number	Total No. Manholes	Unable to Access	Concrete Pave	Asphalt Pave	Sidewalk Pave	Gravel	Grass	Wood	None	1st	2nd	Low	No Access/Not able to perform inspection	Replace Manhole	Bench & Trough or Around Pipe	Remove Roots	Replace Cover	Raise Rim	Seal Rim or Extension	Cementious Lining	still needing
BASIN												88									repair
NO. 1	110	10	0	3	0	3	76	18	81	2	3	14	10	0	3	2	0	15	18	6	
				Manh	ole Repai	rs Still 1	Veeded	on CA	0					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIN																					
NO. 2	495	116	12	96	9	0	221	57	351	0	14	14	116	0	14	4	6	115	7	9	
				Manh	ole Repai	rs Still M	Veeded	on CA	0					0	0	0	0	31	0	2	33
BASIN																					
NO. 3	657	128	30	241	0	11	226	90	445	8	36	40	128	0	40	22	10	106	19	33	
				Manh	ole Repai	rs Still M	Needed	on CA	0					0	0	4	0	55	0	3	62
BASIN																					
NO. 4	217	26	3	125	6	7	63	7	173	0	13	5	26	0	3	1	1	27	3	11	
BASIN				Manh	ole Repai	rs Still P	leeded	on CA)					0	0	0	0	7	1	0	8
NO.5	594	35	4	344	4	20	160	62	450		-	30									
		3		Control of the Contro	ole Repai	-	-		458	4	67	30	35	0	49	17	18	45	2	56	
BASIN				IVIGITIE	ore Kepar	S JUIL	veeded	On CA	1000					0	0	0	7	20	0	1	28
NO. 6	210	14	2	75	0	16	78	37	130	0	18	48	14	0	22	5	3	24	26		
				ACCRECATE VALUE OF THE PARTY OF	ole Repai	of succession in which the party of	-	-	-					0	0	0	0	4	0	16	
BASIN															Ü	U	0	4	0	1	5
NO. 7	124	37	1	38	0	4	34	4	72	0	6	9	37	0	2	4	0	36	8	2	
				Manho	ole Repai	rs Still N	leeded	on CAC	-					0	1	1	0	14	0	0	16
BASIN																		1.7		- 0	10
NO. 8	388	72	2	134	0	12	183	37	291	0	6	19	72	0	8	4	4	79	4	1	
				Manho	ole Repai	rs Still N	leeded	on CAC)					0	1	0	0	61	0	0	62
BASIN																					
NO. 9	107	2	5	29	0	6	43	20	70	1	4	30	2	0	15	4	1	4	18	7	
				Manho	ole Repair	rs Still N	leeded	on CAC)					0	11	3	1	3	15	0	33
BASIN									Total Control			387									
No. 10	949	46	34	239	21	12	531	78	456	4	157	286	46	1	256	48	34	76	140	195	
BASIN				Manho	ole Repair	rs Still N	leeded	on CAC)					0	117	26	18	48	134	7	350
NO. 11	540	5	20	ra l	04		207										100				
10.11	340	3	26	54	94	15 J	337	12	409	1	8	117	5	1	32	5	2	47	71	4	
0.300		AUGUST.	NEW YORK	wanho	ole Repair	s Still N	eeded	on CAC	,					1	30	4	2	26	71	0	134
			Total nun	nberofr	epairs we	starte	d from	on the	CAO	port	-			2	444	116	79	570	216	240	1074
	Total number of repairs we started from on the CAO report: Total number of repairs left from all basins:												1	160	38	28	574 269	316	340	1871	
-	-	-		-	-					DE DE	-			*	100	30	20	209	221	14	731

This chart offers a summary of both significant progress made as well what remains to be accomplished relating to manhole repairs. There was a focus in 2017 on making many of the small, but numerous, manhole repairs. Moreover, there is continued effort directed towards locating and evaluating manholes that are under asphalt or inaccessible otherwise. Examination of these manholes will reveal what additional repairs will be needed. In turn, cost projections for labor and supplies for repairs can be made for budgetary planning.

A key component of line system improvement is pipe bursting. There was more than a mile (5,834 linear feet) of pipe bursting done in 2017. Some of this work, however, was done in areas outside the scope of the C. A. O. For example, it became necessary to pipe burst deep segments (14 feet) where line was collapsing, and I & I was rampant in the vicinity of Dixie Street. There was also a deep segment in Edison Street (Highway 35) near Border Street that collapsed. The wastewater from the high school and other institutions were affected, and this became an urgent task.

The following spreadsheet offers a snapshot of what has been accomplished to date and that which remains under the C. A. O.

(Page 4, 2017 SSES/CAO Report)

-					T	Pipe Defe	Repair Completed									
Basin No.	Storm Drain	Asph Pave	Side walk Pave	Grass	Line Sag/ Grease	Separation joints/ Roots	Objects through main		Point	Pipe Burst Length Ft	Line Sag/ Grease	Separation joints/ Roots	Objects through main	Replace Pipe size	Point Repair	Pipe Burst Length F
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1846	0	1	0	0	0	357
3	0	6	0	10	2	13	0	0	0	3629	0	5	0	0	0	2028
4	0	1	0	5	0	3	2	0	3	1191	0	3	2	0	3	1191
5	2	11	0	12	16	19	4	0		5740	2	3	1	0		1594
6	0	0	0	3	6	6	0	0	0	1566	3	3	0	0	0	304
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	979	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1032	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	19	1	24	13	36	1	0	10	10016	6	8	1	0	1	9410
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3710
Total	2	38	1	56	38	79	7	0	13	25999	11	23	4	0	4	14884

Out of the total 25,999 linear feet of pipe bursting required under the C. A. O., 14,884 feet has been completed. This leaves 11,115 feet to be done. It is conceivable that this residual footage can be completed in 3 years. Emergency deviations as described above can alter this projection, but this is a realistic goal. A noticeable reduction in I & I has occurred. For example during moderate to heavy rains (c. 2 inches), the Willow Street pump station required the use of the adjacent, auxiliary lift station (two 75-hp pumps) to handle the heavy flow and convey it to the 52 million gallon equalization basin. Most generally now, the three, 40-hp pumps in the Willow Street pump station are able to handle this level of rainfall.

On the subject of lift stations, the two remaining Universal Sanitary Equipment Manufacturing Company (USEMCO), dry pit, flooded suction, lift stations were converted to wet well, submersible pump systems. These lift stations were approximately 40 to 45 years old. Parts were almost impossible to find. Typically, these stations had entry tubes to the dry pits below that were 15 to 25 feet deep. If plumbing ruptured in the dry pits, workers could drown if they were not able to escape quickly. The electrical panels were also subject to flooding and posed a risk of electrocution to the workers. We now have all of the original 8 USEMCO lift stations converted to the wet well, submersible design.

There were three lift stations on the east side of Hurricane Lake that were upsized in pump capacity to accommodate the remaining build-out of Hurricane Lake Estates on the north side of the lake. Two of these stations (LS # 2 and 3) had 10-hp, submersible pumps that were upsized to 15-hp submersibles. The other station (LS # 4) was upsized from 15-hp to 20-hp submersible pumps. New electrical control panels were also installed at each of these lift stations.

One significant accomplishment is the installation of cellular notification equipment in a total of 22 lift stations. These units provide instantaneous text notification to 3 phones for high level alarms and the return to normal level. Texts are likewise sent for power failure and power restoration notification. Other less critical information can also be sent via text. We have found these units to be absolutely reliable. Our goal is to continue to install them in all of the lift stations that serve a considerable number of customers.

(Page 5, 2017 SSES/CAO Report)

Another noteworthy development in 2017 is the state widening project of I-30 between the Highway 70 and the South Street exits. This is significantly affecting existing sewer infrastructure requiring relocation of certain sewer mains. Engineering was finished in 2017 with the following linear feet of sewer relocation:

- 1,051 feet of 8-inch diameter with 7 new manholes
- 451 feet of 10-inch diameter with 5 new manholes
- 1,525 feet of 15-inch diameter with 7 new manholes
- 364 feet of 24-inch diameter with 5 new manholes
- and over 900 feet of 8-inch force main

Some of this replacement will be advantageous such as the 10-inch sewer with manholes that will replace infrastructure that is in poor condition by the Saline County fairgrounds. However, the overall expense of this construction must be fronted by Benton Utilities with only partial reimbursement expected in time. Unanticipated projects like these constrain available financial resources that are needed for system maintenance.

In conclusion, 2017 was a productive year with demonstrable progress in meeting the demands of the Consent Administrative Order. The integrity of the system infrastructure was ensured and expanded. Inflow and infiltration have been noticeably reduced. We will continue to place emphasis again this year on the priority basins identified in the Sanitary Sewer Evaluation Study. It is both our goal and our work to improve Benton's sanitary sewer collection system for public health, for good stewardship of the environment, and for the demands of the vibrant growth of this city.

Please feel free to contact me at 501-776-5955, or you may email me at rhawkins@bentonar.org with any questions or comments you may have.

Sincerely,

Randy Hawkins,

Benton Utilities Wastewater Conveyance Manager

Cc: David Vondran, P.E., and General Manager of Benton Utilities Gary Ferrell, Chairman of the Benton Utilities Public Utilities Commission Byron Hicks, P.E. and C.E.O. of McClelland Consulting Engineers, Inc.